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WHAT IS CLAIMED, IS

1. Apparatus for reading writi/ng or $\max k$ ings (25) of an optical recording medium (1) having data markings (25) arranged along a track (20) header markings (25') arranged laterally offset with respect to the centre of this track (20), the apparatus comprising a header identification unit (8), a header sequence detector (9), a track crossing detector (10) and an intermediate track detector (11) for generating intermediate track signal an (MZC),/ wherein the intermediate track detector is connected to outputs of the header identification unit (8), / of thecrossing detector (10) and of the header sequence detector (9).

- 2. Apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the header identification unit (8) comprises a high-frequency path (17, 18, 18', 19, 19', 28), a low-frequency path (29) and a signal detector (30, 31), and has a track error signal (PP-TE) applied to it.
- 3. Apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the header sequence detector (9) comprises envelope detectors (33, 33'), to which a track error signal (PP-TE) is fed, and whose outputs are connected to a comparator (34, 35, 36).
- 4. Apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the header sequence detector (9) has a phase detector (15, 15'), which is fed with signals (A, B, C, D) derived from detector elements (6A, 6B, 6C, 6D) of a multi-zone detector (6) of the apparatus.
- 5. Apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the track crossing detector (10) has a track error signal (PP-TE) applied to it, and comprises one of phase shifter (53) and peak value detector (37, 37', 38).

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- 6. Apparatus according to Claim 5, characterized in that the track crossing detector (10) comprises at least two peak value detectors (71, 72, 73, 74), which are connected as extreme value detectors.
- 7. Apparatus according to claim 1, characterized in that the header identification unit (8) evaluates a summation signal (HF) of the detector signals (A, B, C, D).
- 8. Apparatus according to Claim 1, characterized in that it further comprises a validity detector (12) for outputting a validity signal (VALID), and a track crossing frequency detector (13) for supplying a track cross signal to the validity detector.
- 9. Apparatus according to claim 8, characterized in that the header identification unit (8) comprises a 20 high-frequency path (17, 18, 18', 19, 19', 28), a low-frequency path (29) and a signal detector (30, 31), and has a track error signal (PP-TE) applied to it.
- 10. Apparatus according to claim 8, characterized in that the header sequence detector (9) comprises envelope detectors (33, 33'), to which a track error signal (PP-TE) is fed, and whose outputs are connected to a comparator (34, 35, 36).
- 11. Apparatus according to claim 8, characterized in that the header sequence detector (9) has a phase detector (15, 15'), which is fed with signals (A, B, C, D) derived from detector elements (6A, 6B, 6C, 6D) of a multi-zone detector (6) of the apparatus.
 - 12. Apparatus according to claim 8, characterized in that the track crossing detector (10) has a track error signal (PP-TE) applied to it, and comprises one

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of phase shifter (53) and peak value detector (37,37', 38).

- 13. Apparatus according to Claim 12, characterized in that the track crossing detector (1p) comprises at 5 least two peak value detectors (71,72,73, 74), which are connected as extreme value detectors.
- Apparatus according to claim/8, characterized 14. 10 in that the header identification unit (8) evaluates a summation signal (HF) of the detector \$ignals (A, B, C, D) .
- 15. Method for generating an intermediate track 15 signal (MZC) in an apparatus for writing data markings (25) of an optical recording medium (1) having data markings (25) arranged along a track (20) and header markings (25') arranged laterally offset with respect to the centre of this track, comprising the steps of
- 20 - checking of a signal (PP-TE/ PE) derived from detector elements (6A, 6B, 6C, 6D) of the apparatus for the presence of signal components which are typical of header areas (27, 27', 27"),
- given the presence of signal components of this type, determination of the order of signal components 25 originating from differently arranged header markings (25'),
 - generation of a signal (TC) corresponding to the track crossing frequency,
- 30 - generation of the intermediate track signal (MZC) from the order information and the signal (TC) corresponding to the track crossing frequency.
- Method according to Claim 9, characterized in 35 that the track crossing frequency (TZC) is detected, and, if a limit value is undershot, an invalidity signal (VALID) is generated, which is cancelled only when signal components which are typical of header areas (27, 27', 27") are present once again.